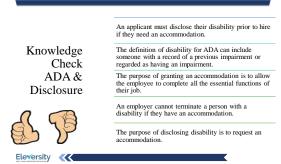
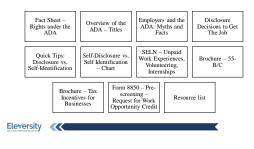


Section 1

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Manual



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Americans with Disabilities Act [ADA]

Section 2

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Signed into law on July 26, 1990, the ADA is a wide-ranging civil rights law that prohibits, under certain circumstances, discrimination based on disability. It affords similar protections against discrimination to Americans with disabilities as the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which made discrimination based on race, religion, sex, national origin, and other characteristics illegal.

Americans with Disability Act

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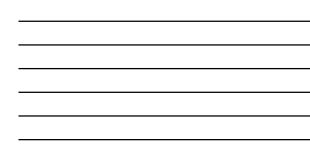
The ADA prohibits the discrimination of qualified people with disabilities

A qualified person with a disability means one who satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the position such individual holds or desires, and who with or without reasonable accommodation can perform the essential functions of such position.



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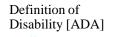


Rights [Title I]	Responsibilities
Have information about your disability, treated confidentially and respectfully.	Disclose your need for accommodation if you desire any work-related adjustments.
Seek information about hiring practices from any organization.	Search for jobs that address your skills and abilities.
Choose to disclose your disability at any time during the employment process.	Inform the business about your need for appropriate interview accommodations in a timely manner.
Receive appropriate accommodations in an interview to demonstrate your skills and abilities	Identify appropriate and reasonable accommodations for an interview.
Be considered for a position based on your skill and merit.	Negotiate reasonable accommodation(s) with an employer at the point of job offer and beyond.
Have respectful questioning about your disability for the purpose of reasonable accommodation	Bring your skills and merits to the table.
Be self-determined and proactive.	Be truthful, self-determined, and proactive.

How do you define Disability?



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The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) defines a person as having a disability if they:

- Have a physical or mental impairment that significantly limits one or more major life activities
- Have a history or record of such an impairment
- Are perceived by others as having such an impairment

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Reasonable Accommodations

A reasonable accommodation under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) is a change or adjustment that allows people with disabilities to participate in the job application process, perform their job duties, and receive the same benefits as other employees.

T

Over 50% of accommodations for employees with disabilities will cost:

A. Nothing

B. Between \$500 - \$1000

C. Over \$1000

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D. More than the employer can afford

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What are examples of accommodations you or your coworkers have utilized?





Key Concepts in Accommodations

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1. Equal opportunity

- 2. Individualized needs
- Reasonableness
 Undue hardship
- 5. Accessibility
- 6. Interactive process

What do you think are the most requested accommodations?

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Top 10 Most Requested Accommodations

- 1. Flexible schedule
- 2. Job restructuring
- 3. Accessible facilities
- 4. Communication assistance
- 5. Environmental modifications
- 6. Service animals
- 7. Additional breaks
- 8. Modified dress codes
- 9. Additional training

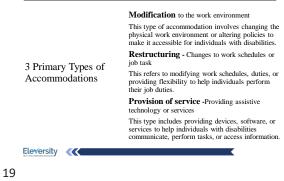
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2023 Accommodations in the Workplace Report





Resources

- 411 on Disability Disclosure
- 411 on Disability Disclosure: Families, Educators
- https://askjan.org/
- Northeast ADA Center

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Disclosure of Disability

Section 3

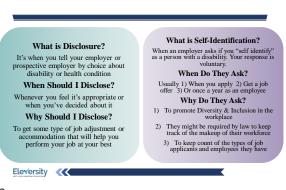
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The act of voluntarily informing an employer or other relevant party about a person's disability, typically done when requesting accommodations or to ensure fair treatment in a situation where the disability might impact their ability to perform certain tasks; it is a personal choice and not always necessary, depending on the situation and individual needs.

Disclosure of Disability





What are Reasons Someone May Not Disclose?	Fear of discrimination, stigma, and stereotypes
	Fear of job insecurity - lack of trust in the workplace
	Loss of privacy
	Fear of not being believed or taken seriously
	Fear of inadequate support
	Previous negative experiences
	Cultural or social factors
	Internalized ableism
	Lack of awareness or education



What are examples of hidden disabilities?

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Blind Man And His Guide Dog Kicked Out Of Seattle Restaurant Because He Doesn't 'Look Blind'



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The Confidential Release of Information

- Requires written consent from the individual
- Specifies the information to be disclosed, who will receive it, and how it will be used
- · For the performance of official duties Is voluntary, and can be limited in scope or revoked by the individual

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Resources

- How to tell Employers about your Disability
- <u>One-page guide to Disability Disclosure</u>
- <u>Creating a Disclosure Script</u>
- Disclosing a Disability for Employment
- <u>VCU Disclosure Decisions To Get The Job</u>
- Frequently Asked Question (FAQ)
- <u>Section 503</u> Eleversity

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Fair Labor Standards Act [FLSA]— State Employment Leadership Network [SELN Section 4

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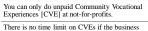
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Knowledge agrees.

Check Fair Labor Standard Act [FLSA]

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The CVE must be in the vocational interest area of the trainee.

The strongest selling point for a situational assessment is that an individual can cover for a employee so they can do other things.

The impact of not following the FLSA falls solely on the business.

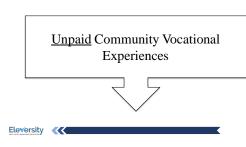
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OPWDD oversees the FLSA.



Volunteering, internships and unpaid job exploration can be effective strategies for people with disabilities to gain work-related experience, as well as assessments and training.

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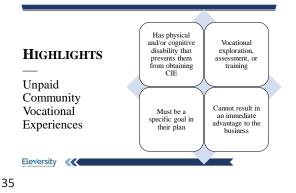




Unpaid CVEs

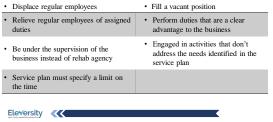
Under certain circumstances, individuals with disabilities are permitted to work for a short period **at any type of business** without pay for job exploration, assessment, and training purposes.

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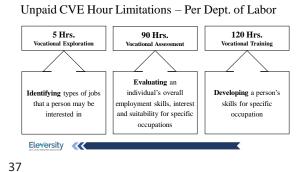


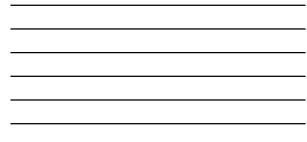


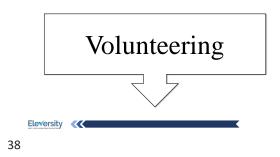
The Trainee can't...

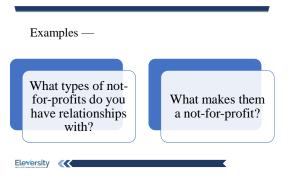


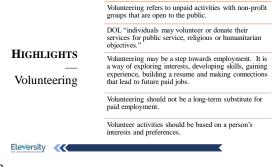




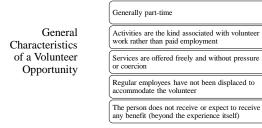








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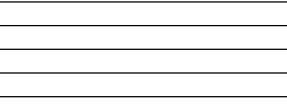
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It is permissible for a CBPV to fold pizza boxes for a local restaurant in exchange for pizza party.



State Employment Leadership Network [SELN]





Resources

- Guide to the FLSA
- Digital Handy Reference Guide to FLSA
- <u>Brochure Rights for Workers with Disabilities</u>
- Facts-Workers with Disabilities paid at Subminimum Wage
- <u>State Employment Leadership Network [SELN]</u>

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55 A & B Programs

Section 5

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3 Government Programs

 55a program — City and local government

• 55b/c program — State government

Provides eligible persons the ability to be considered for positions in the Civil Service **without** having to take a Civil Service examination.

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55 a/b Eligibility

Eligibility is determined on a job-by-job basis. You may be eligible if:

a) You are certified as having a mental or physical

disability which is a substantial barrier to employment; and b) You are qualified to perform satisfactorily the duties of a particular job.

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55b Eligibility

- 55 B is limited to persons with physical or mental disabilities, who are otherwise qualified to satisfactorily perform the duties of a position.
- Employee Health Service (EHS) of the NYS Department of Civil Service will determine eligibility based on the degree of functional limitation and employment history.
- An application DPM-1 must be completed.



ACCES-VR's role in the Process

- In the case of County, Municipal and Federal employment, ACCES-VR certifies individuals for eligibility.
- In the case of NYS 55b, the ACCES-VR Vocational Rehabilitation Counselor (VRC) can assist a qualified worker with a disability to apply for certification through the NYS Department of Civil Service.
- If you are a public employer, you can learn how your agency can participate in these programs by reaching out to your Business Relations Team contact.

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Resources

- <u>ACCES-VR Business Relations Team</u>
- <u>ACCES-VR Public Employers</u>
- <u>55—b/c FAQ page</u>
- DPM 1 55b/c application
- <u>Workers with Disabilities (55a)</u>

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NYS and Federal Tax Incentives

Section 6

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WETC/WOTC Partnering for Employers

- The Work Opportunity Tax Credit, in conjunction with Workers (with Disabilities) Employment Tax Credit, is a wonderful opportunity for employers to gain from hiring individuals with disabilities.
- For the <u>first year of employment</u>, the federal tax credit WOTC is in effect. The tax credit is 40% of the first \$6,000 in wages.
- The state tax credit WETC is in effect for <u>the second year of employment</u> and the amount of the tax credit is 35% of the first \$6,000 in qualified wages for that year.
- Therefore, when WOTC is linked with WETC the total credit possible is \$4,500.

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WOTC - Tax Incentives for Businesses [Federal]

- ≻Up to \$2,400 in federal tax savings in the first year of employment
- ≻Must complete at least 120 hours of work to qualify for the partial WOTC credit of \$1,500 and over 400+ hours for the full \$2,400

Employee must be verified as a member of a targeted group

Employer must complete within 28 calendar days

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WETC — Tax Incentives for Businesses [NYS]

- The tax credit equals 35% of the first \$6000 paid during the second year of employment.
- ≻Complete Form 8850

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/wotc

- >Applies to qualified employees who have been certified by: NYS Education Department ACCES-VR or Office of Children and Family Services
- NYS CB May also be eligible under other qualifying categories

	 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
Other Qualifying Categories [Form 8850]	 Referred by rehabilitation agency approved by the state as an employment network under the Ticket to Work or Department of Veterans Affairs
	 Receive supplemental security income (SSI) for any months during the past 60 days
	 SNAP (Ages 18-40)
	 During past year, convicted of a felony or released from prison for a felony
	 Have received unemployment compensation for

· Have received unemployment compensation for 27 consecutive weeks.

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Resources

- <u>Work Opportunity Tax Credit</u>
- <u>AskJan Tax Incentive Topics</u>
- <u>Workers with Disabilities Employment Tax Credit</u>
- Disabled Access Credit
- <u>Barrier Removal Tax Deduction</u>
- <u>Work for Success Program</u>
- <u>Recovery Tax Credit Program</u>
- <u>Form 8850</u>

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<u>ACCES-VR Business Relations Team</u>

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Career One-Stops & Disability Resource Coordinators [DRCs]

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Section 7

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Resources



